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Solving Minimax Problems with Feasible Sequential Quadratic Programming

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Constrained minimax problem

Minimize $\max_{i \in I'} \{f_i(x)\}$

s.t. $x \in X$ X is the set of points $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ satisfying

$$\begin{cases} bl \leq x \leq bu & n_B \\ g_j(x) \leq 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{NI} \\ g_j(x) \equiv \langle c_j, x \rangle - d_j \leq 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{LI} \\ h_j(x) = 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{NE} \\ h_j(x) \equiv \langle a_j, x \rangle - b_j = 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{LE} \end{cases}$$

Constrained minimax problem

Minimize $\max_{i \in I'} \{f_i(x)\}$

* Objectives

s.t. $x \in X$ X is the set of points $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ satisfying

$$\begin{cases} bl \leq x \leq bu & n_B \\ g_j(x) \leq 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{NI} \\ g_j(x) \equiv \langle c_j, x \rangle - d_j \leq 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{LI} \\ h_j(x) = 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{NE} \\ h_j(x) \equiv \langle a_j, x \rangle - b_j = 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{LE} \end{cases}$$

Constrained minimax problem

Minimize $\max_{i \in I'} \{f_i(x)\}$

* Objectives

s.t. $x \in X$ X is the set of points $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ satisfying

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lll} bl \leq x \leq bu & n_B & * \text{Bounds} \\ g_j(x) \leq 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{NI} & * \text{Nonlinear inequality} \\ g_j(x) \equiv \langle c_j, x \rangle - d_j \leq 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{LI} & * \text{Linear inequality} \\ h_j(x) = 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{NE} & * \text{Nonlinear equality} \\ h_j(x) \equiv \langle a_j, x \rangle - b_j = 0 & j = 1, \dots, n_{LE} & * \text{Linear equality} \end{array} \right.$$

FSQP Algorithm

- ❖ A random point
- ❖ A point fitting all linear constraints
- ❖ A point fitting all constraints
- ❖ An optimal point fitting all constraints

FSQP Algorithm

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FSQP Algorithm

- ❖ A random point
- ❖ **A point fitting all linear constraints**
 - boundary + linear inequality + linear equality
- ❖ A point fitting all constraints
- ❖ An optimal point fitting all constraints

FSQP Algorithm

- ❖ A random point
- ❖ A point fitting all linear constraints
 - boundary + linear inequality + linear equality
- ❖ **A point fitting all constraints**
 - boundary + linear inequality + linear equality + nonlinear inequality + nonlinear equality
- ❖ An optimal point fitting all constraints

FSQP Algorithm

- ❖ A random point
- ❖ A point fitting all linear constraints
 - boundary + linear inequality + linear equality
- ❖ A point fitting all constraints
 - boundary + linear inequality + linear equality + nonlinear inequality + nonlinear equality
- ❖ **An optimal point fitting all constraints**

FSQP Algorithm

Step 1. Initialization

x_k – a point; H_k – Hessian matrix



Step 2. A search line

d_k – direction



Step 3. Line search

t_k – distance



Step 4. Updates

x_{k+1} – an update point;

H_{k+1} – an update Hessian matrix

Initialization

x_0 = an initial point fitting all constraints

H_0 = an identity matrix

$$P_{0,j} = \text{a constant} \quad f_m(x, p) = \max_{i \in I^f} \{f_i(x)\} - \sum_{j=1}^{n_{NE}} p_j h_j(x)$$

$$k = 0 \quad j = 1, \dots, n_{NE}$$

Computation of a search line

1. Compute d_k^0 , solution of $QP(x_k, H_k, p_k)$

$$\begin{cases} \min_{d^0} & \frac{1}{2} \langle d^0, H_k d^0 \rangle + f'(x_k, d^0, p_k) \\ s.t. & bl \leq x_k + d^0 \leq bu \\ & g_j(x_k) + \langle \nabla g_j(x_k), d^0 \rangle \leq 0, \quad j = 1, \dots, t_i \\ & h_j(x_k) + \langle \nabla h_j(x_k), d^0 \rangle \leq 0, \quad j = 1, \dots, n_e \\ & \langle a_j, x_k + d^0 \rangle = b_j \quad j = 1, \dots, t_e - n_e \\ & f'(x, d, p) = \max_{i \in I^f} \{f_i(x) + \langle \nabla f_i(x), d \rangle\} - f_{I^f}(x) - \sum_{j=1}^{n_e} p_j \langle \nabla h_j(x), d \rangle \end{cases}$$

$$f_I(x) = \max_{i \in I} \{f_i(x)\}$$

2. Compute d_k^1 , solution of $QP(x_k, d_k^0, p_k)$

$$\begin{cases} \min_{d^1 \in \mathbb{R}^n, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}} & \frac{\eta}{2} \langle d_k^0 - d^1, d_k^0 - d^1 \rangle + \gamma \\ s.t. & bl \leq x_k + d^1 \leq bu \\ & f'(x_k, d^1, p_k) \leq \gamma \\ & g_j(x_k) + \langle \nabla g_j(x_k), d^1 \rangle \leq \gamma \quad j = 1, \dots, n_i \\ & \langle c_j, x_k + d^1 \rangle \leq d_j \quad j = 1, \dots, t_i - n_i \\ & h_j(x_k) + \langle \nabla h_j(x_k), d^1 \rangle \leq \gamma \quad j = 1, \dots, n_e \\ & \langle a_j, x_k + d^1 \rangle = b_j \quad j = 1, \dots, t_e - n_e \end{cases}$$

3. Set $d_k = (1 - \rho_k) d_k^0 + \rho_k d_k^1$

$$\rho_k = \|d_k^0\|^\kappa / (\|d_k^0\|^\kappa + v_k)$$

$$v_k = \max(0.5, \|d_k^1\|^{\tau_1})$$

4. Compute \tilde{d}_k

Stop: if $\|d_k^0\| \leq \varepsilon$ and $\sum_{j=1}^{n_e} |h_j(x_k)| \leq \varepsilon_e$

Line search

Armijo line search

$$\delta_k = \begin{cases} -\langle d_k^0, H_k d_k^0 \rangle & n_i + n_e = 0 \\ f'(x_k, d_k, p_k) & n_i + n_e \neq 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{No nonlinear constraints}$$

$$f'(x, d, p) = \max_{i \in I^f} \{f_i(x) + \langle \nabla f_i(x), d \rangle\} - f_{I^f}(x) - \sum_{j=1}^{n_{NE}} p_j \langle \nabla h_i(x), d \rangle$$

Compute t_k , the first number t in the sequence $\{1, \beta, \beta^2, \dots\}$ satisfying

$$f_m(x_k + t_k d_k, p_k) \leq f_m(x_k, p_k) + \alpha t \delta_k$$

$$\begin{cases} g_j(x_k + t d_k) \leq 0, & j = 1, \dots, n_{NI} \\ \langle c_j, x_k + t d_k \rangle \leq d_j, & j = 1, \dots, n_{LI} \\ h_j(x_k + t d_k) \leq 0, & j = 1, \dots, n_{NE} \end{cases} \quad f_m(x, p) = \max_{i \in I^f} \{f_i(x)\} - \sum_{j=1}^{n_{NE}} p_j h_j(x)$$

Updates

$$x_{k+1} = x_k + t_k d_k$$

H_{k+1} updated by BFGS formula with Powell's modification

$$\eta_{k+1} = x_{k+1} - x_k, \quad \gamma_{k+1} = \nabla_x L(x_{k+1}, p_k) - \nabla_x L(x_k, p_k)$$

$$\theta_{k+1} = \begin{cases} 1, & \eta_{k+1}^T \gamma_{k+1} \geq 0.2 \eta_{k+1}^T H_k \eta_{k+1} \\ \frac{0.8 \eta_{k+1}^T H_k \eta_{k+1}}{\eta_{k+1}^T H_k \eta_{k+1} - \eta_{k+1}^T \gamma_{k+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\xi_{k+1} = \theta_{k+1} \cdot \gamma_{k+1} + (1 - \theta_{k+1}) \cdot H_k \gamma_{k+1}$$

$$H_{k+1} = H_k - \frac{H_k \eta_{k+1} \eta_{k+1}^T H_k}{\eta_{k+1}^T H_k \eta_{k+1}} + \frac{\xi_{k+1} \xi_{k+1}^T}{\eta_{k+1}^T \xi_{k+1}}$$

$$p_{k+1,j} = \begin{cases} p_{k,j} & p_{k,j} + \bar{\mu}_j \geq \epsilon_1 \\ \max\{\epsilon_1 - \bar{\mu}_j, \delta p_{k,j}\} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$k = k + 1$$

Implementation

JFSQP.java

Initial.java

QP.java

MiniMax.java

Direction_d0.java

QP.java

KKT.java

Direction_d1.java

QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

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Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

Loop 1.

Find initial feasible point

MiniMax.java

Direction_d0.java

QP.java

KKT.java

Direction_d1.java

QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

Loop 2.

Find optimal point

Implementation

JFSQP.java

Initial.java

QP.java

Minimax.java

Direction_d0.java

QP.java

KKT.java

Direction_d1.java

QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

Loop 1.

Find initial feasible point

Minimax.java

Direction_d0.java

QP.java

KKT.java

Direction_d1.java

QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

Loop 2.

Find optimal point

Implementation

JFSQP.java

Initial.java

QP.java ← **Find a point fitting all linear constraints**

MiniMax.java



Direction_d0.java

Find point fitting all constraints (linear + nonlinear)

QP.java

KKT.java

Direction_d1.java

QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

MiniMax.java



Direction_d0.java

QP.java

KKT.java

Direction_d1.java

QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

Implementation

Three open-source Java libraries were leveraged:

1) JAMA (Version 1.0.3; 11/2012)

<http://math.nist.gov/javanumerics/jama/>

2) Apache Commons.Lang (Version 3.3.2; 04/2014)

<http://commons.apache.org/>

3) Joptimizer (Version 3.3.0; 04/2014)

<http://www.joptimizer.com/>

Validation

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KKT.java

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Arcsearch.java

Check.java

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QP.java

MinMax.java

Direction_d0.java

QP.java

KKT.java

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QP.java

Arcsearch.java

Check.java

BFGS_Powell.java

testJFSQP.java

testInitial.java

testQP.java

testMinMax.java

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testKKT.java

testQP.java

testBFGS_Powell.java

Validation

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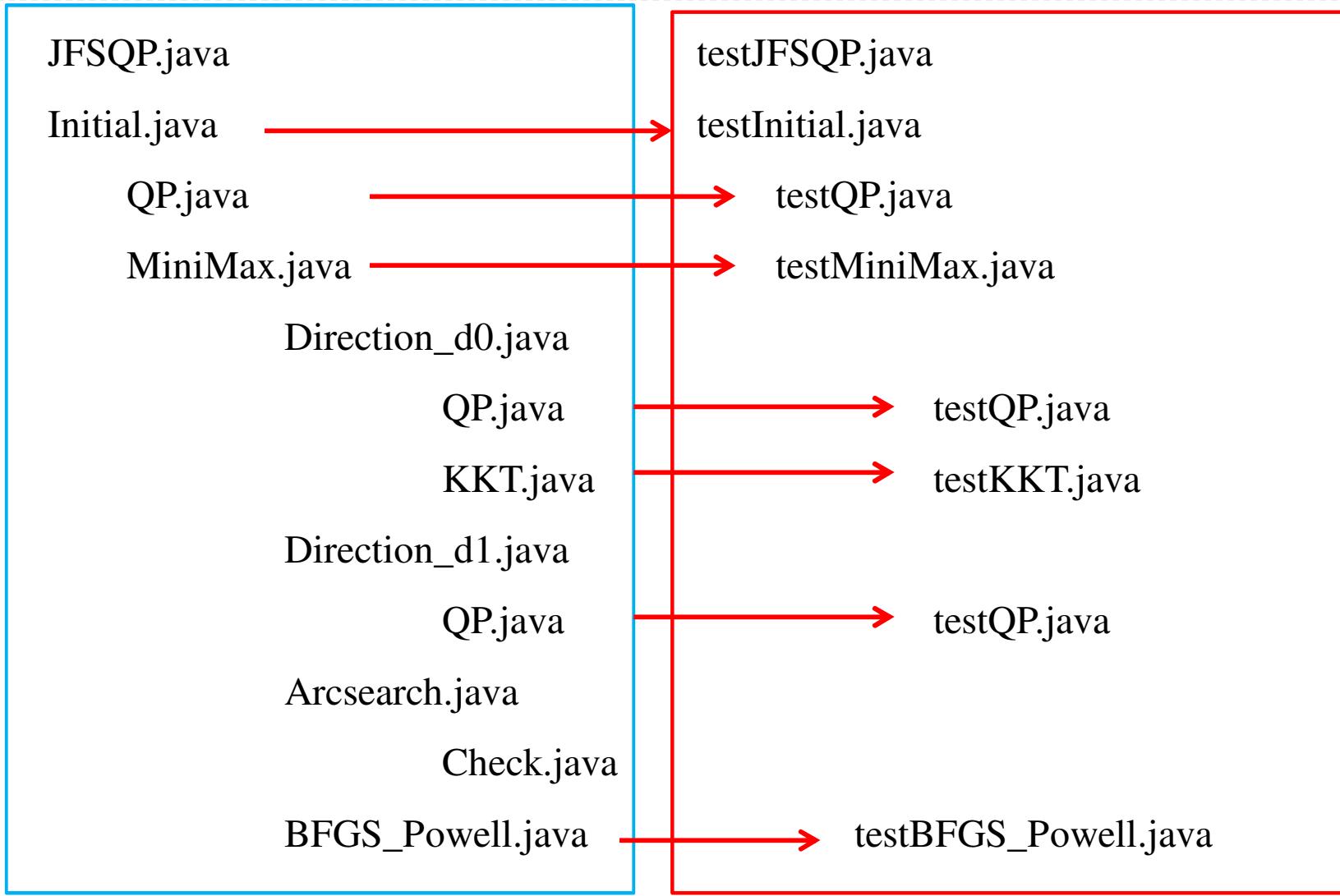
testQP.java

testKKT.java

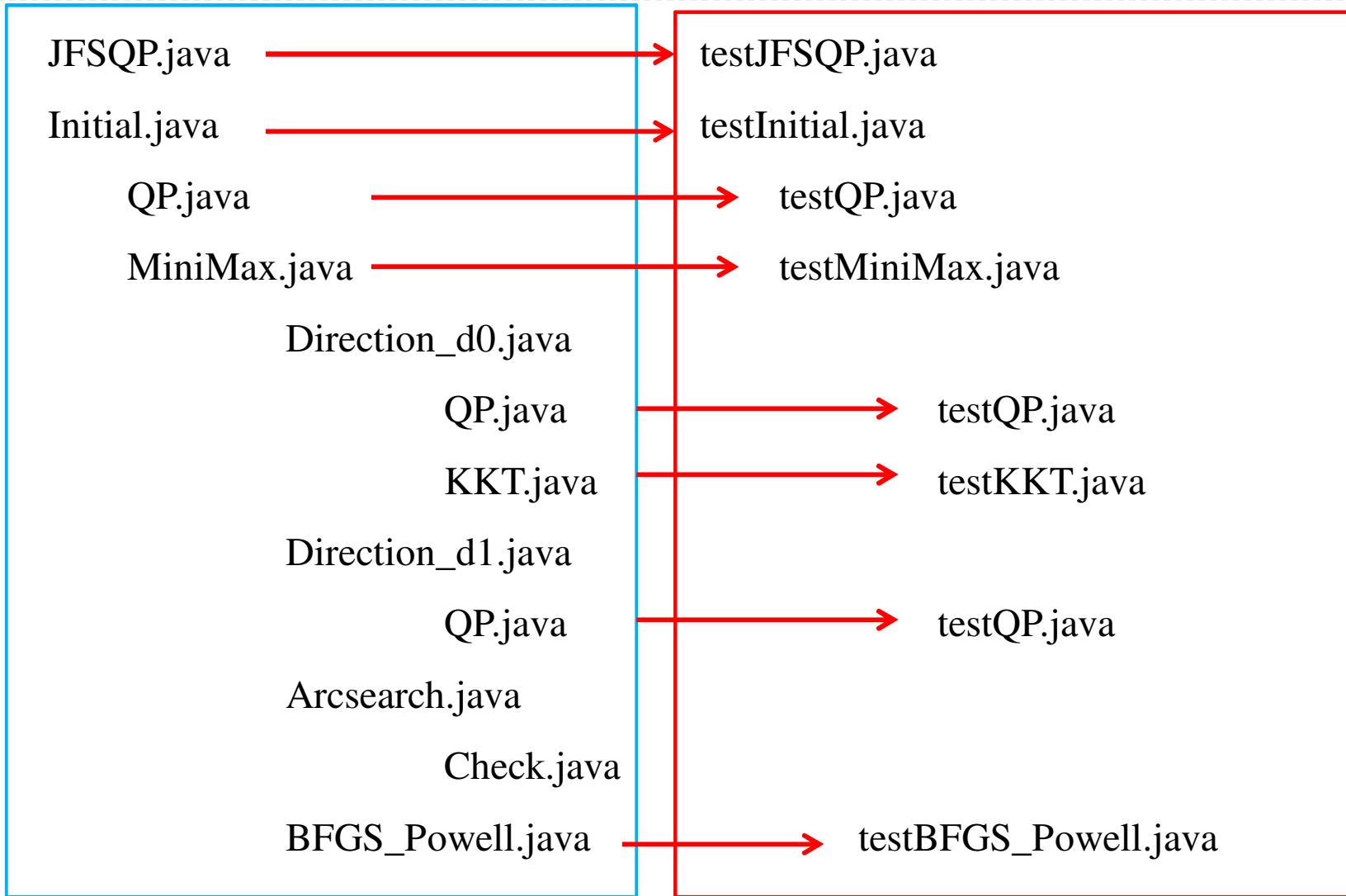
testQP.java

testBFGS_Powell.java

Validation



Validation



Validation

testJFSQP.java

testInitial.java

testQP.java

testMiniMax.java

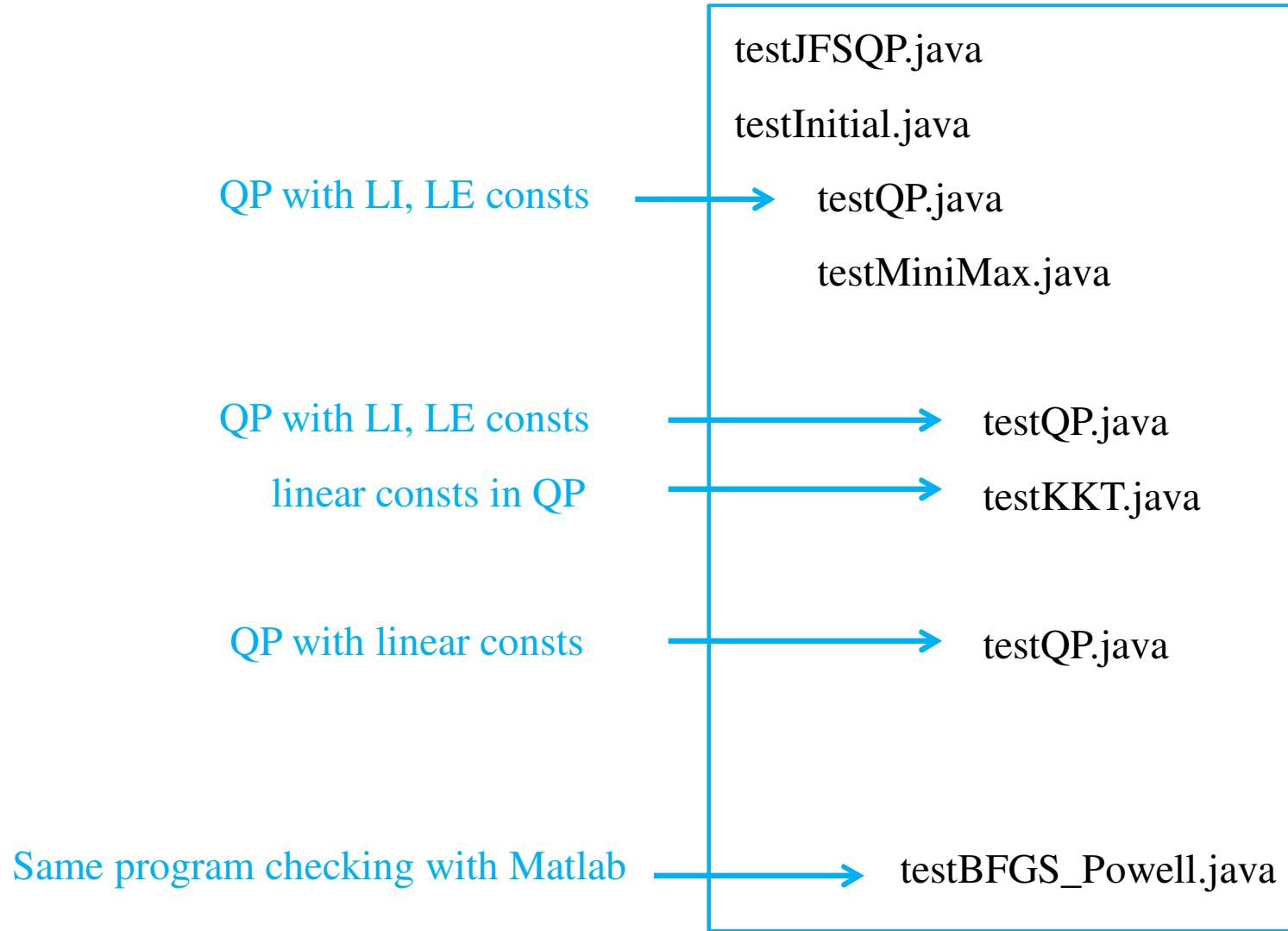
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testKKT.java

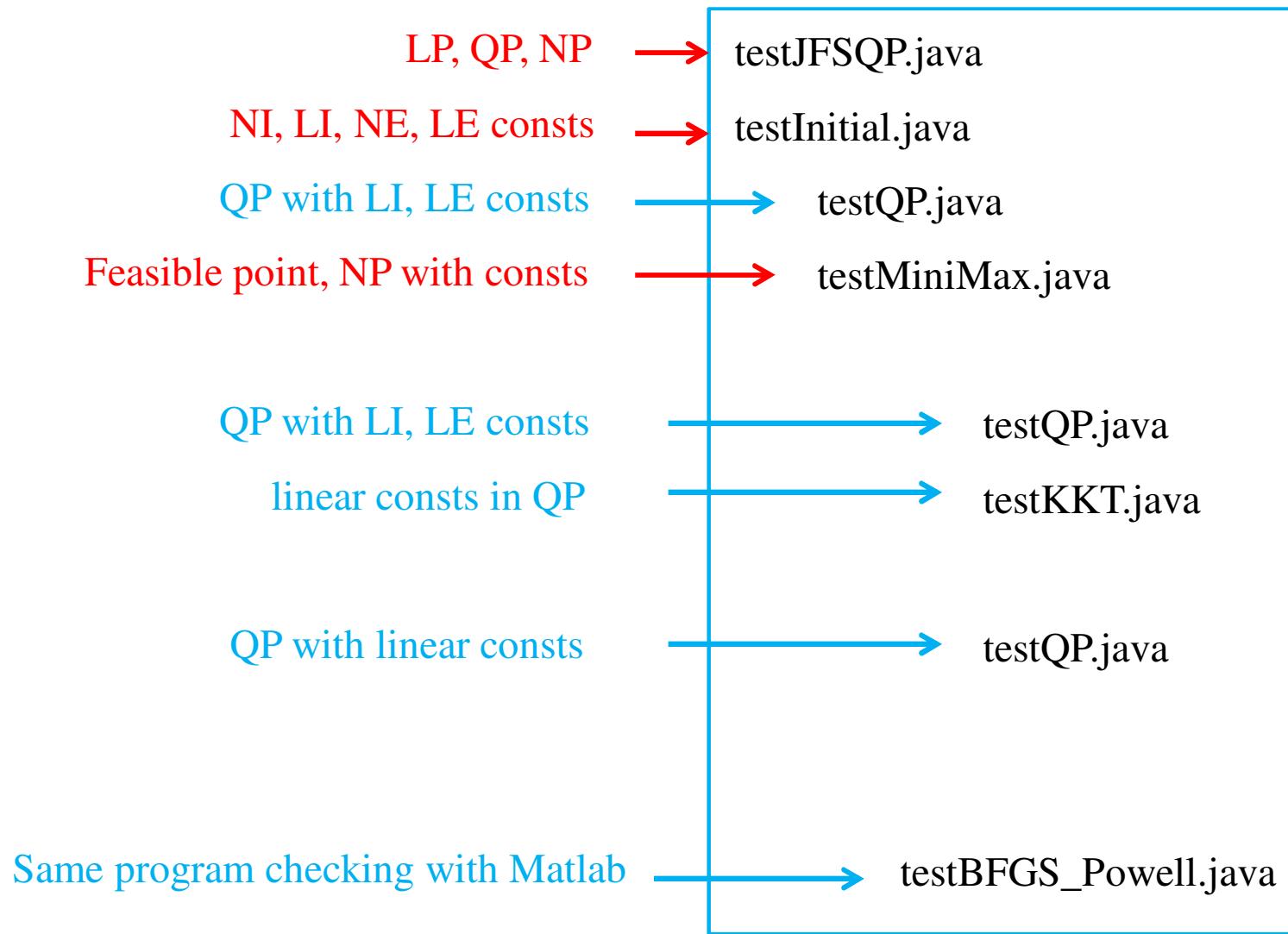
testQP.java

testBFGS_Powell.java

Validation



Validation



Example 1

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^2} f(x) = -x_1 + x_2$$

s.t.
$$\begin{cases} -x_1 \leq 0 \\ -x_2 \leq 0 \\ x_1 - 1 \leq 0 \\ x_2 - 1 \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

Known minimizer:

$$x_0 = (-3, 2)^T; f(x_0) = 5$$

$$x^* = (1, 0)^T; f(x^*) = -1$$

Reference: Hock, Willi, and Klaus Schittkowski. "Test examples for nonlinear programming codes." *Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications* 30.1 (1980): 127-129.

Example 1

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^2} f(x) = -x_1 + x_2$$

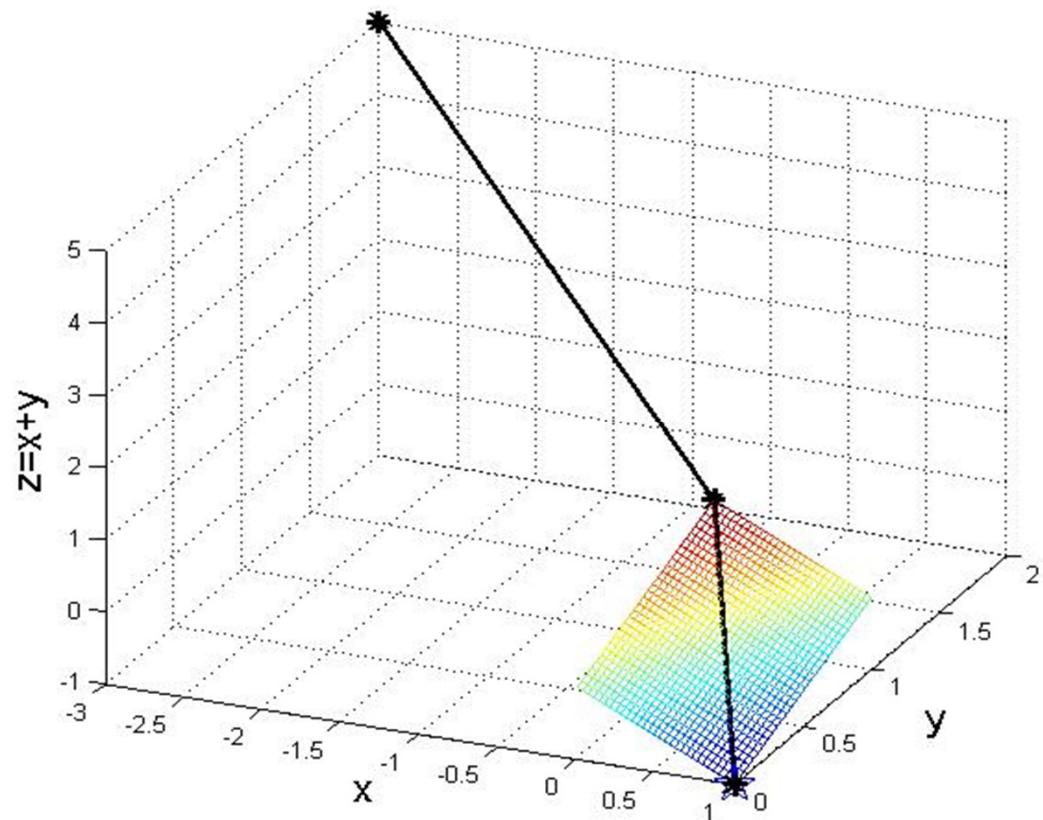
s.t.

$$\begin{cases} -x_1 \leq 0 \\ -x_2 \leq 0 \\ x_1 - 1 \leq 0 \\ x_2 - 1 \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

Known minimizer:

$$x_0 = (-3, 2)^T; f(x_0) = 5$$

$$x^* = (1, 0)^T; f(x^*) = -1$$



Reference: Hock, Willi, and Klaus Schittkowski. "Test examples for nonlinear programming codes." *Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications* 30.1 (1980): 127-129.

Example 2

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^3} f(x) = (x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3)^2 + 4(x_1 - x_2)^2$$

s.t.
$$\begin{cases} x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \\ x_1^3 - 6x_2 - 4x_3 + 3 \leq 0 \\ 1 - x_1 - x_2 - x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Known global minimizer: $x^* = (0, 0, 1)^T$; $f(x^*) = 1$

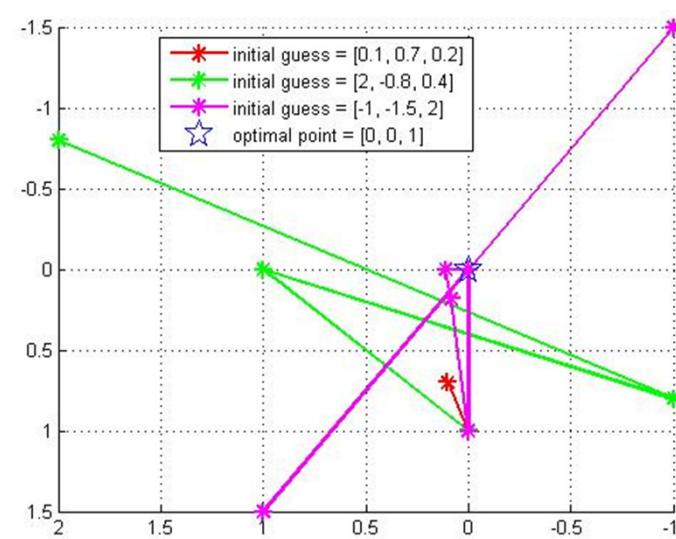
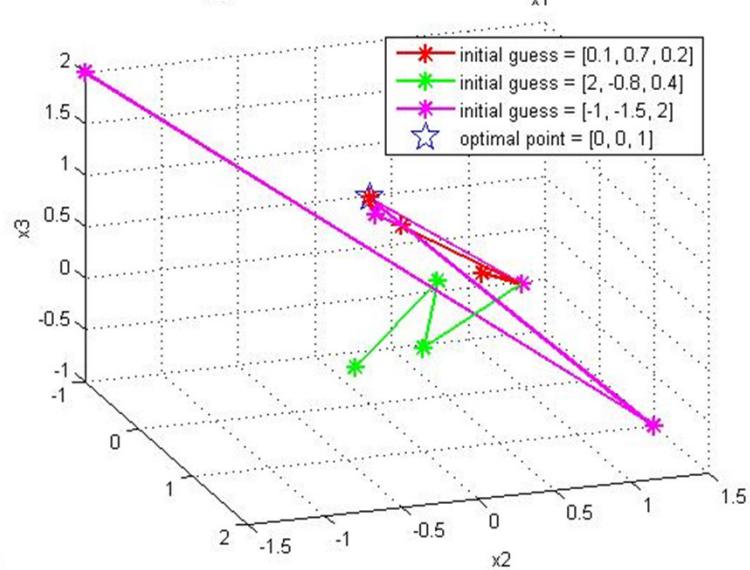
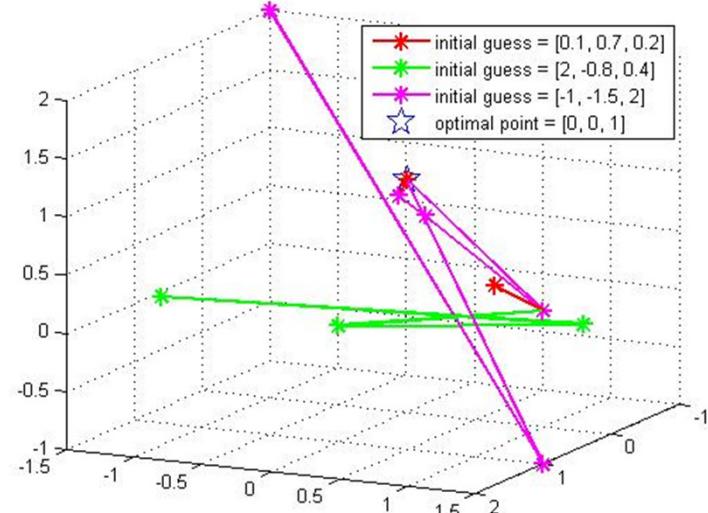
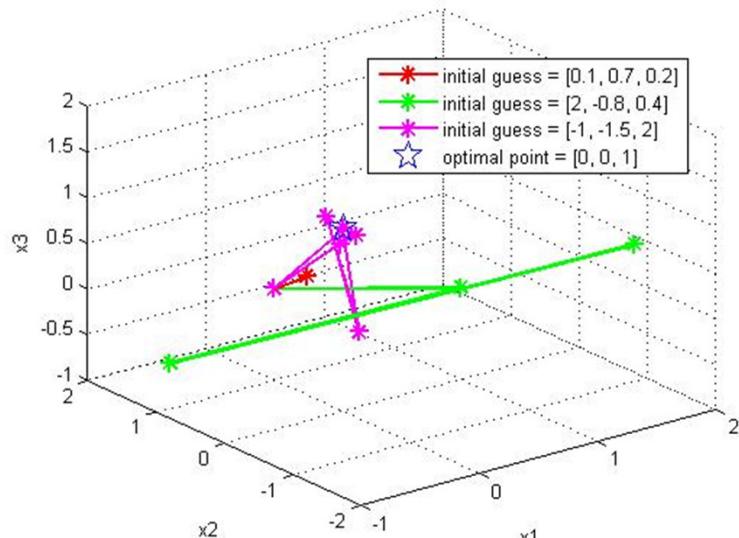
Reference: Hock, Willi, and Klaus Schittkowski. "Test examples for nonlinear programming codes." *Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications* 30.1 (1980): 127-129.

Example 2

Table 1. Results return from different initial guess

Initial guess	Objective function	Iterations for finding feasible point	Feasible point return	Iterations for finding optimal point	Final point return
$\begin{pmatrix} 0.1 \\ 0.7 \\ 0.2 \end{pmatrix}$	7.2	2	$\begin{pmatrix} 3.05637e-07 \\ 9.99999e-01 \\ 1.01789e-06 \end{pmatrix}$	29	$\begin{pmatrix} 4.35632e-05 \\ 9.67363e-08 \\ 9.99956e-01 \end{pmatrix}$
$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -0.8 \\ 0.4 \end{pmatrix}$	31.36	2	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.34913e-07 \\ 9.99999e-01 \\ 7.11207e-07 \end{pmatrix}$	33	$\begin{pmatrix} 4.26647e-05 \\ 9.67349e-08 \\ 9.99957e-01 \end{pmatrix}$
$\begin{pmatrix} -1.0 \\ -1.5 \\ 2.0 \end{pmatrix}$	48.25	2	$\begin{pmatrix} 4.04903e-08 \\ 1.00000e-00 \\ 2.02531e-07 \end{pmatrix}$	32	$\begin{pmatrix} 2.45688e-05 \\ 9.81212e-08 \\ 9.99975e-01 \end{pmatrix}$

Example 2



Project Schedule

October	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Literature review;• Specify the implementation module details;• Structure the implementation;
November	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop the quadratic programming module;• Unconstrained quadratic program;• Strictly convex quadratic program;• Validate the quadratic programming module;
December	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop the Gradient and Hessian matrix calculation module;• Validate the Gradient and Hessian matrix calculation module;• Midterm project report and presentation;

January	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop Armijo line search module; • Validate Armijo line search module;
February	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop the feasible initial point module; • Validate the feasible initial point module; • Integrate the program;
March	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Debug and document the program; • Validate and test the program with case application;
April	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add arch search variable \tilde{d} ; • Compare calculation efficiency of line search with arch search methods;
May	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop the user interface if time available; • Final project report and presentation;

Deliverables

Project proposal

Algorithm description

Well-documented Java codes

Test cases: LP, QP, NP with NI, LI, NE, LE constraints

Validation results

Presentations

Project reports

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